

## SAYS SHE SIGNED AT LIQUOR MAN'S REQUEST

Maud Robinson, Accuser of O'Hara, Had Assurance It Wouldn't Be Made Public.

## BOTH DENY IMPROPRIETY

Lieutenant Governor Asserts He Never Visited Apartment of Woman at Hotel—She Says He Did.

Chicago, May 10.—Maud Robinson, accuser, and Lieutenant Governor Barratt O'Hara, respondent, in accusations of immorality presented in the Illinois Senate against the latter, to-day offered before the Senate investigation committee testimony which differed in one detail but agreed in essential matters. Both denied improper relations, and differed in the single statement made by Miss Robinson that on the night of January 17 O'Hara visited the suites at the Hotel Sherman occupied by Miss Robinson and another woman. According to Miss Robinson, O'Hara called at the apartment after he, Thomas Vredenburg, Harry Gibbons, a Chicago court bailiff, Miss Robinson and another woman had visited the cafe of the Hotel Sherman and the Lamb's Cafe, across the street.

Miss Robinson testified that after eating the party adjourned to a cafe, where she said they met Harry Gibbons, a court bailiff, and a friend of O'Hara's, whom the latter says he telegraphed to meet him in Chicago, where he found himself in the party on the train. After a number of drinks, witness declared that she, Mrs. Ingham and Vredenburg went to the Hotel Sherman, leaving Gibbons and O'Hara talking on the sidewalk in front of the cafe.

Later in the evening she said the Lieutenant Governor called at the apartment. It was at this point that Senator Eitelson asked the direct question as to her relations with O'Hara.

Miss Robinson testified that she signed the affidavit at the request of Samuel Davis, a liquor dealer of Springfield, who assured her that it would never be made public, but would be used only to coerce O'Hara into steering his investigation away from Davis.

She said that the paper was meant as a club to be held over O'Hara, according to assurances given her. Later Davis asked her to sign a second affidavit against O'Hara, but upon advice of Fred Mortimer, a lawyer friend, of Springfield, she declined to do so.

"Why didn't he want you to sign it?" inquired Senator Eitelson. "Because he said that Davis might not keep his promise to keep the affidavit secret, and in this testimony he was supported by Frank J. Jacobson, an advertising man, that after leaving the Lamb's Cafe, the second one visited that evening, he met Jacobson at the Press Club, took a midnight luncheon with the latter at a short order restaurant and then went home, accompanied by Jacobson. In this connection he offered to produce as witnesses his mother and his father. He accounted in similar detail for his public appearance on the next day, January 18, at a luncheon, a banquet and at the theatre. He named numerous witnesses who would confirm his testimony on these points. On the remainder of the 18th he played poker with members of the Press Club, naming a number of them, until 6 o'clock Sunday morning. In support of this story he offered to produce checks against him at the Press Club. This was the morning of the 19th. The most of the day he spent at his office and the home of his parents. He attended the Olympic Theatre late in the performance and sat in a box alone. His appearance at the theatre was explained by him as follows:

Had Box at the Theatre. The manager of the theatre, a friend, had given him a box to attend the first performance of a play on the night in evidence. Not desiring to sit through a performance, he offered the box to Vredenburg, who accepted it. It was Vredenburg who showed great courtesy in securing a home for him at Springfield and who introduced him to Miss Robinson on a train coming from Springfield to Chicago on January 17. O'Hara dropped into the play late because the manager of the theatre desired to obtain his opinion of the production. Leaving the theatre, O'Hara met Vredenburg and the two women, and being urged "took a sandwich" with them at a cafe. He then returned to his home.

## TWO YOUTHS HOLD UP EAST SIDE RESTAURANT

Rifle Cash Register, Then Line Up Diners Against Wall, Pick Their Pockets and Escape.

Two slim young men, with caps pulled over their eyes, stroled into a restaurant on Avenue C at 11th street last night, whisked revolvers from their pockets and held up the owner of the place after lining a scope or more diners up against the wall. After going through the cash register and the pockets of the guests they sprang into a waiting automobile and escaped.

Joseph Jasewski, owner of the cafe, was acting as cashier when the youths entered. At the tables sat about thirty persons, men and women. No one paid any attention to the pair of hold-up men until they saw one of them draw out a revolver and level it at the proprietor.

"Hands up!" quietly announced the one with the revolver, while his companion turned his gun toward the diners and loudly demanded cash. Seeing that the guests were inclined to treat the matter as a joke, both of the young men fired. One shot went through a large looking glass back of the cashier's desk and the other buried itself in the wall. While the first hold-up man pulled open the drawer of the cash register and took out \$25 his companion ordered the diners to line up against the wall with their hands still raised. They did, and the young bandit went through the pockets of the first three men.

Suddenly some one in the room yelled "Police!" In an instant both young men leaped for the door, jumped into a gray automobile and whizzed away. None of those in the restaurant could give a very adequate description of the men, but it is thought that some of them might have noticed the number of the machine. They were said to be about seventeen or eighteen years old, slight of stature and dressed in black.

## MUNSTERBERG ANSWERED

British Delegate Denies an Alliance Is Contemplated.

Boston, May 10.—"We are here to seek no treaties nor any understanding with which to menace any nation," said Sir Arthur Lawley, one of the British members of the Ghent centenary conference, speaking to-night at a dinner to the delegates.

Further, in reply to Professor Hugo Munsterberg, who said yesterday in New York that many "non-English people" regarded the movement as a forerunner of an Anglo-American alliance antagonistic to Germany, Sir Arthur added: "We are here simply to further the arrangements for celebrating the centenary of peace."

## AUTO CRASH STARTS FIRE

Trolley Rams Delivery Truck and Newspapers Blaze.

A big "New York American" auto delivery truck loaded with newspapers was set on fire and nearly totally destroyed last night, when a southbound Sixth avenue surface car crashed into its rear and exploded the gasoline tank. The chauffeur leaped from his seat and escaped injury.

The big truck was racing for the Pennsylvania station when the accident occurred. The spectacle of the burning truck attracted so many persons that the reserves from the West 5th street station house had difficulty in breaking up the crowd. Firemen quickly extinguished the flames, but not before the truck was put out of commission and two-thirds of its load reduced to ashes.

## QUEENS JUBILEE PUT OFF

June 7 Chosen to Celebrate Subway Contracts.

The Borough of Queens is being aroused by the rapid transit celebration committee, which is appealing to local patriotism in bringing to the realization of its most important and influential citizens what the signing of the rapid transit contracts really signifies to the borough.

In order to have the celebration a fitting one, the day has been changed from May 27 to June 7.

## WORTHIER SENIOR PICKED

Parker LeRoy Moon Chosen by Columbia Class.

The senior class of Columbia College has selected Parker LeRoy Moon as the most worthy member of the class. Moon is thus made the recipient of the Charles M. Rootsch prize. W. R. Mohr, manager of the varsity crew, was one vote behind Moon.

The prize of \$50 awarded annually by the College Alumni Association to "the most faithful and deserving member of the graduating class" goes this year to Gerald Spencer Shibley, of New York.

## TERMS JUNE ELECTION AN ANTI-FUSION TRICK

Hotchkiss Tells Sulzer That Scheme Was Concocted by Tammany.

## ACID TEST OF GOVERNOR

Citizens Union Speaker Backs Progressive's Opposition to Early Convention Bill.

Albany, May 10.—"This bill is the acid test of your administration," said William P. Hotchkiss to Governor Sulzer to-day in opposing at a hearing before him the bill providing for the submission to the people at a special election on June 3 of the question as to whether there should be a constitutional convention. The bill provides that, if the question is voted favorably on, the election of delegates to the convention shall be held at the general election in the fall.

Mr. Hotchkiss, who represented the New York Citizens' Municipal Committee and the National Progressive party, said that the measure was concocted by Tammany Hall leaders to demoralize the fusion movement by mixing up national and state questions with municipal questions at the fall election.

"We ask you to prevent this trick," he said. "I notice many Progressives on the committee selected to aid you in your direct primary campaign. What will they say if in accepting their assistance in this movement to end boss rule, you crystallize the strength of Tammany Hall by destroying fusion? This bill, by preventing minority representation would result in a partisan convention, controlled by Tammany Hall, whereas 90 per cent of the voters of the state want the question to be decided by the constitutional convention submitted to a non-partisan body."

The opponents to the Tammany bill favor submitting the question as to whether there shall be a constitutional convention to the people at the general election in the fall, the election of the delegates the following fall and the holding of the convention in the spring of 1915.

It was suggested to the Governor that he veto the Tammany bill and demand the passage of a bill making these provisions at the extraordinary session.

Joseph O. Hammit, of the Citizens' Union, said that the time was too short between now and June 3 for preparing for a special election, and that under the provisions of the Tammany bill nothing but a partisan convention could be secured.

Mr. Hammit also said the special election would cost \$1,000,000.

## MITCHELL TO SULZER'S AID

Will Take the Stump for Governor's Direct Primary Bill.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Albany, May 10.—John Purroy Mitchell, the recently appointed Collector of the Port of New York, told Governor Sulzer to-day that he would aid him in his fight for a "real direct primary bill." He came to Albany to urge the Governor to approve the bill for the improvement of New York City's waterfront, and took luncheon with him at noon. The Governor said afterward that Mr. Mitchell advocated his direct primary bill, and that he would make speeches for it during the campaign.

## ASKS WATERFRONT LAWS

Mitchell Urges Governor to Sign Terminal Bills.

Albany, May 10.—The approval of two bills to improve the New York City waterfront and to facilitate the handling of freight was urged to-day by John Purroy Mitchell, the new Collector of the Port, and R. A. C. Smith, Dock Commissioner, at a hearing before Governor Sulzer.

One of the bills would permit joint operation by the trunk line railroads of a municipally owned and controlled terminal line, extending from the Brooklyn Bridge to 6th street, in South Brooklyn. William J. Roche, representing the State Waterways Association and barge canal interests, opposed it on the ground that it would give the railroads too much power. He said that the city has enough power to improve its waterfront.

Mr. Mitchell replied that while under the existing law a terminal company could be incorporated, there was no provision for joint operation of a municipally controlled terminal line. He believed that under the plan proposed there would be no discrimination, as might take place if one company had the power to operate. He said the city officials are ready to start the dock improvement work as soon as the needed legislation is obtained. He expects that the terminal will be self-supporting.

## FACTORY BILLS SIGNED

Traction Employee and Canal Wage Measures Also.

Albany, May 10.—Four bills recommended by the State Factory Investigating Commission were signed by Governor Sulzer to-day.

One prohibits the employment of a female under twenty years in any factory before 6 a. m. and after 9 p. m., but permits the employment of a female eighteen years of age, or more, in existing establishments between June 15 and October 15 during certain hours.

The second prohibits the establishing of cellar bakeries, requires all bakers to obtain a sanitary certificate and places the jurisdiction over bakeries in first class cities exclusively with the local health department.

The third prohibits the employment of children in the operation of dangerous machinery and at trades injurious to their health. It also prohibits the employment of women in core rooms of foundries if the core oven is in the same room.

The fourth requires ample fire escapes and exits in factories, and contains provisions designed to prevent overcrowding.

The Governor also signed the Doty bill providing that ten hours should constitute a legal day's labor in the operation of electric and subway railroads, as well as steam, surface and elevated roads, and prohibiting the employment of such employees for more than sixteen consecutive hours; the Dorst bill requiring railroad companies to give their signalmen, towermen, telegraph and telephone operators two days of rest in each calendar month with regular compensation, and the Hearn bill fixing the minimum wage for laborers and mechanics employed on the canals of the state at \$2 a day.

## TO RESIGN SEAT WON BY VOTERS' MISTAKE

Representative Young Believes Rival Was People's Choice and Rejected Ballots Were Intended for Him.

Washington, May 10.—Representative H. Olin Young, of Ishpeming, Mich., Republican, announced in a speech in the House to-day his intention of resigning his seat. Discussing the contest instituted by William J. McDonald, a Progressive, he said 458 votes intended for McDonald had not been counted for him (McDonald) and he did not feel justified in holding his seat.

The state board of canvassers issued a certificate to Mr. Young, declaring he had received an apparent majority of 281 after 458 ballots cast by mistake for "Sheldon William J. McDonald" had been thrown out. Mr. Young declared the 458 electors intended to vote for McDonald and that he did not feel justified in holding the seat.

"I am now convinced," he said, "that if the 458 votes in dispute were counted for the contestant the verdict would not be in my favor. I am convinced that those 458 electors intended to vote for William J. McDonald, and while under the law he is not entitled to those votes, I do not care to hold a seat that may be questioned by honorable and disinterested men. I therefore have prepared my resignation and will forward it to the Secretary of State of Michigan and will file a copy with the Speaker of the House."

In a husky voice Mr. Young reviewed his associations during his ten-year service in the House and expressed his regret at leaving.

## COURT REBUKES JUROR

Asks Inquiry as to Why He Alone Stood for Acquittal.

Eleven dishevelled jurors who for twenty-two hours had been agreed upon the guilt of Jacob Bierman, charged with receiving stolen goods, fled into Judge Rosalsky's part of General Sessions yesterday and directed scathing glances at James E. Carroll, juror No. 3, who had stood out for acquittal. The eleven told Judge Rosalsky that Mr. Carroll just folded his arms and announced that the defendant was innocent, refusing to listen to arguments or to discuss the evidence.

"When this case was submitted to the jury," said Judge Rosalsky, "the court instructed each juror that it was his duty to discuss the case with his fellows, to state his views and to give his reasons for them."

"Every man is entitled to his opinion providing that he is conscientiously holding it. If he is conscientiously convinced that the defendant is innocent it would be highly improper for him to surrender his views, but the important question is whether or not that opinion was conscientiously acquired and honestly held."

Judge Rosalsky discharged the eleven and directed Mr. Carroll to return on Monday. At the request of Judge Rosalsky, Isidor Wasservogel, Acting District Attorney, started an investigation into the matter.

Mr. Carroll is in the real estate business at 120, 96 Third avenue.

## JAILED FOR SON'S TRUANCY

Boy Didn't Attend School and Father Couldn't Pay Fine of \$10.

Because Abraham Richman, fifteen years old, did not enroll as a pupil in Public School 42 during the last week, his father, Moses Richman, a tailor, of No. 106 Washington avenue, the Bronx, went to jail yesterday. The parent will remain locked up for ten days unless he succeeds in paying a fine of \$10 which Magistrate Marsh, in the Morrisania Court, imposed on the compulsory education law.

Truant Officer Pugliese told the magistrate that Richman was fined \$2 on February 17 for not sending his son to school. This penalty had no effect, so Richman was arrested last Saturday, when Magistrate Marsh continued the case for a week, warning the father that the son must start to go to school at once.

## STRANGE MAN DEEPENS BROOKLYN GIRL MYSTERY

Floatermaster Saw Him Near Hole Where Miss Mills Was Found.

## SHE IS STILL DELIRIOUS

Love Affair Denied and Relative Lays Her Plight to Overwork in Teaching—Hospital Bars Inquirers.

The mystery surrounding Miss Alice A. Mills, the public school teacher who was taken unconscious from the water at the foot of Montague street, Brooklyn, on Friday night, was still unsolved by the police last night. The young woman is still in the Long Island College Hospital, and in her lucid moments cannot explain her experiences.

Thomas Thompson, floatermaster of the New York Dock Company, said last night that he had been walking by the old Wall street ferry slip, at Montague street and the East River, just before he heard Miss Mills's screams. When he first heard them he was one hundred feet away. There was a strange man standing by the hole where the woman was discovered. "Did you hear any groans?" asked Thompson of him.

"No, I didn't hear anything," replied the stranger, who then walked up Montague street.

Thompson called William Murphy and James Evans, Dock Company employees, who were working in the vicinity, and descended into the hole. Miss Mills was about to sink. She wore a cape, but no hat. She was grasping a handrail when raised from the water, but dropped it.

After she had been rescued the strange man returned. He was very pale. Thompson again went up to him. "It's funny you didn't hear anything," said the floatermaster. "I heard her groans when I was a hundred feet away and you were only a couple of feet from the hole."

"Well, I didn't," returned the man. Acting on instructions from her relatives, Superintendent Shaw of the Long Island College Hospital refused information to all callers at the institution, including the police. Richard C. Ellsworth, a cousin of Miss Mills, and who lives at No. 1140 Pacific street, said last night that he believed she was suffering from a nervous breakdown, due to overwork in conducting a large kindergarten class at Public School 88, at Vandervoort Place and Thames street.

The overwork theory is partly substantiated by Mrs. N. McDonald, of No. 68 South Elliott Place, whose home is next door to that of Mrs. Walter Eckert, with whom Miss Mills lived at No. 66 South Elliott Place. Mrs. McDonald said yesterday that about 10 o'clock on Thursday night, in answer to a ring of the doorbell, she found Miss Mills standing on the stoop.

As Miss Mills passed into the house Mrs. McDonald noticed that her hair was unkempt and was hanging down her back. Not a word was uttered by Miss Mills, and this surprised Mrs. McDonald, as they knew each other well.

Mrs. McDonald said that after ascending a few steps toward the second floor Miss Mills stopped and then walked abruptly out of the house without speaking. Other residents of the neighborhood said they had noticed Miss Mills acting in a queer manner.

## GOVERNOR SIGNS ANTI-COCAINE BILL

Continued from first page.

than is shown in their records, except that a physician may carry it in his professional calls, providing that which he carries and that which is kept in the place scheduled does not exceed one and one-eighth ounces. Reports of the gross amounts sold must be made every six months.

Physicians, dentists and veterinarians may possess at one time not more than one and one-eighth ounces of the drug, while drug stores and pharmacies may have one and one-quarter ounces for every licensed pharmacist employed, and in no event more than five ounces.

Provision is made for the possession of the drug in hospitals and dispensaries for the exclusive use of patients. The amount is not to exceed five ounces and records must be kept.

James A. Delehanty, the assistant District Attorney, helped Judge Edward Swann draw the bill, and worked unceasingly to make its provisions understood and appreciated by those whom it seemed to hamper.

## SIGNING OF WALKER BILL CAUSES REJOICING HERE

Introducer of Measure Gives The Tribune Credit for Victory Won.

News of the signing of the Walker bill, restricting the sale and possession of cocaine in this state by the Governor was received in this city yesterday with general thanksgiving. Prominent citizens who had followed the measure closely through its stormy career in the Legis-

lature expressed their intense gratification that it had finally been spread upon the statute books, and congratulated one another and The Tribune on the strenuous campaign which put it there.

Assemblyman James J. Walker, whose name the bill bears, thanked The Tribune for its exposure of the evil and its subsequent fight to have it mitigated in the following words:

"I am mighty glad that the bill is at last a law. I think you can very justly and consistently take most of the credit for it. It was the campaign The Tribune carried on, which brought out just how far the practice of selling cocaine had been carried and its vicious effect upon the young, that enlightened public opinion and aroused the Legislature to pass the bill I introduced."

"When Judge Swann handed me the bill, upon which I based the measure which has just been signed, he also handed me Tribune clippings, which I used most effectively. It was through the facts given in these clippings, together with The Tribune's striking cartoons which brought out the dreadful effect of cocaine, that I was able to secure the favorable consideration of the measure in the beginning. Then from the time it was introduced the measure was carefully watched by a representative of The Tribune, who kept me constantly informed of the progress being made in the campaign that finally resulted in its passage."

James A. Delehanty, the assistant District Attorney, helped Judge Edward Swann draw the bill, and worked unceasingly to make its provisions understood and appreciated by those whom it seemed to hamper.

James A. Delehanty, the assistant District Attorney, helped Judge Edward Swann draw the bill, and worked unceasingly to make its provisions understood and appreciated by those whom it seemed to hamper.

## TITANIC VICTIM LEFT \$140,977.

The transfer tax appraisal of the estate of George Rosenshine, who lost his life in the Titanic disaster, was filed in the Surrogate's Court yesterday. The estate of Mr. Rosenshine, whose body was recovered by the cable ship Mackay-Bennett, was valued at \$140,977.

## J.M. Gidding & Co.

OUTER-APPAREL MILLINERY FURS FOR WOMEN, MISSES and JUNIORS

Announce, to begin Monday, a Remarkable Series of

## Mid-Season Sales

A timely disposal of late models in smart apparel, including original design by famous Paris Artists—also exact or modified copies and our own exclusive styles not previously shown.

## Two-piece Serge & Worsted Suits In Tailored and Demi-tailored Models

Values \$65 and \$75—\$45

Adaptations of Callot, Poiret and Drecoll Models—In Blouse, Sash, Tuxedo and cutaway effects, with plain or bound edges.

## Elaborate Evening Gowns

Formerly \$125 to \$195—\$85

All the fashionable shades in Classic Draped effects; of Charmeuse, Shadow Lace, Crepe-chiffon and Supple Brocade Silk, exquisitely trimmed with Jewels and Laces.

## Bridge and Restaurant Frocks

Formerly \$100 to \$125—\$75

Rare styles of Canton Crepe, Pompadour Crepe, Brocade and Radium Silks; also exquisite combinations in silk-and-chiffon.

## Draped Models in Silk Coats for Afternoon Wear

Formerly \$75 and \$85—\$50

Mode's by Beer and Robert, in Moire, Broche, Corded and Faille Silks—exquisitely lined with peau de cygne or Pompadour chiffon.

## The New Medici Coat—\$25

Value \$35—An entirely new and swagger model of Tufted Eponge in red, white, taupe and delft blue.

## Lovely Summer Hats—\$14

Formerly \$25, \$28—Entirely new styles in white, natural and pink; artistically trimmed in flowers, ribbons and laces.

## Blouses of Shadow Lace and Net

Values \$18, \$22.50 and \$25—\$10

New and delightful styles; some in surplice and cameo effects, with colored ribbons—and fluffy jabot styles.

Fifth Avenue, 46th & 47th Streets

## Rugs, Tapestries and Curtains

as well as Furs in Cold Storage

Telephone Murray Hill 5888 and goods will be sent for promptly.

**Silverware Storage.** Our receipts specifically guarantee security from fire, burglary and theft. Protected from your door till return. Why assume the risks of home protection?

**Household Furniture Storage.** Inspection of our fireproof warehouses will show their superiority. Prices moderate. Experienced Packers. Electric Van Service. Estimates of cost furnished.

**Securities in Absolute Safety.** \$5 will rent a safe in a burglar proof and fireproof vault for a year. Inspection invited.

## Lincoln Safe Deposit Co.

43d Street, Opposite Grand Central Terminal. Most centrally located, at a Subway Express station. Send for Pamphlet.

## Fur Storage

In Dry Cold Air Vaults on the premises

Insurance and Thorough Cleaning are included in the moderate charge for this service.

Remodeling and Repairing

at a substantial saving during the Summer.

A. Jaekel & Co. Importing - Manufacturing Furriers

384 Fifth Avenue

Between 35th and 36th Sts. Tel. 2044 Greeley

## ESTABLISHED A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

## HIGGINS & SEITER

Largest Retail China and Glass Store in the World

## Artistic Summer Home Furnishings

China, Glass, Garden Furniture

in great variety at attractive prices

Our Spring displays are rich in artistic furnishings for the Country House, Cottage and Bungalow, as well as appropriate Wedding Gifts of beautiful, useful character—

It has become almost an axiom that "There is no wedding gift problem which cannot be solved at HIGGINS & SEITER'S"

Dainty China for Summer Use

100-piece Dinner Sets—An excellent quality, with a tasteful yellow rose garland decoration, is offered at \$31.

A set of fine Royal Worcester China in an artistic old Chinese pattern at \$700.

An example of our Special Values in fine Dinnerware is given by a superb set of Cauldon China, 102 pieces, regularly \$104.25, reduced to \$69.5

Fine Glassware in 60-piece Sets

Our superb stock of Crystal contains the newest products of the world's greatest glass manufacturers—T. G. Hawkes, Libby and Sinclair—more than 100 patterns in all.

One may purchase a 60-piece Set of clear Glassware, with dainty edged border, for only \$11. Or, a 60-piece Set of rich Rock Crystal, in a beautiful new design, for \$62.25.

Artistic Garden Furniture—Low Priced

In this collection one will find a large 12-inch Jardiniere at the remarkably low price of \$3. Also attractive Pedestals, Window Boxes and Umbrella Stands (for porches) at very reasonable prices.

Lamps, Electroliers and Shades

are shown in scores of uncommon designs suitable for both Country Homes and City Residences—at our well-known moderate prices.